

SA-2 (CLASS-VI)

2/2016

SUBJECT : SOCIAL SCIENCE

Time : 3 hrs

MM : 80

**General Instructions :**

- i) **Read all the questions carefully and number the answers according to the questions.**
- ii) **Multiple choice question is to be answered in the answer sheet only.**
- iii) **Write all the answers in neat and legible handwriting.**
- iv) **Attempt all the questions.**
- v) **Write complete sentences for question numbers 2 and 3.**
- vi) **Attach the maps properly to main sheet.**
- vii) **Questions carrying 3 marks should be answered within 60-80 words.**
- viii) **Questions carrying 5 marks should be answered within 80-100 words.**

Q1. Each question has four options out of which only one is correct. Choose the correct option and write it in the answer sheet. (1x6=6)

- (i) Kalinga was the ancient name of \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) Bengal (b) Tamil Nadu  
(c) Coastal Odisha (d) Andhra Pradesh
- (ii) Pulakeshin's Prashasti was composed by his court poet named \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) Harishena (b) Ravikirti  
(c) Banabhatta (d) Chanakya
- (iii) \_\_\_\_\_ means separation on the basis of race.  
(a) Discrimination (b) Apartheid  
(c) Stereotype (d) Prejudice

(iv) The Zila Parishad makes developmental plans at the \_\_\_\_\_ level.

- (a) Village (b) District  
(c) Block (d) State

(v) The deepest point on the earth, Mariana Trench lies under the \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) Arctic Ocean (b) Atlantic Ocean  
(c) Pacific Ocean (d) Indian Ocean

(vi) \_\_\_\_\_ is the country where river Yangtze flows.

- (a) India (b) Russia  
(c) Australia (d) China

Q2. Correct the following incorrect statements : (1x6=6)

(i) Ashoka's inscriptions were written in Devanagari script.

(ii) The title 'Maharaj-adhiraja' was first given to Samudragupta.

(iii) Panchayat President is also known as Ward Councillor.

(iv) The organisation which led the struggle against Apartheid in South Africa was Indian National Congress.

(v) The Himalayan is the oldest mountain range in India.

(vi) The Andaman and Nicobar Islands are located in the Arabian Sea.

Q3. Answer the following questions in one sentence each:

(1x8=8)

(i) Who was Seleucus Nicator?

(ii) Mention the two major centres of power of the kushanas.

(iii) Write the old name of the city Allahabad.

- (iv) List any two ways in which the non whites were discriminated against in South Africa.
- (v) Who is a Municipal Councillor?
- (vi) Define Delta.
- (vii) Which longitude has been taken as the standard Meridian of India?
- (viii) Name the two west flowing rivers.
- Q4. What were the problems that Ashoka wanted to solve by introducing Dhamma? (3)
- Q5. Why did kings want to control the Silk Route? (3)
- Q6. Write a short note on the ruler Harshavardhana. (3)
- Q7. What are the various sources of funds for the Panchayat? (3)
- Q8. Discuss any three functions of Municipal corporation. (3)
- Q9. Describe any three ways in which people participate in the process of government. (3)
- Q10. 'Plains are the most useful areas for human habitation? Discuss. (3)
- Q11. Distinguish between Western and Eastern Ghats. (3)
- Q12. 'India lies in the largest continent of the world'. Identify and briefly describe it. (3)
- Q13. (a) List any two principles of Ashoka's dhamma.  
 (b) Describe the means adopted by Ashoka to spread the message of dhamma. (2+3=5)
- Q14. What is a Prashasti? Give a brief description of Samudragupta's Prashasti. (2+3=5)
- Q15. (a) Define Panchayat.  
 (b) How are the Gram Sabha and Gram Panchayat linked to each other? (1+4=5)

Q16. 'Mountains are highly elevated lands which rise above the surrounding area'. How are mountains useful man? (5)

Q17. (a) Name the major domains of the earth.  
(b) 'Humans are responsible for disturbing the balance of nature'. Explain. (2+3=5)

Q18. Attempt the following maps : (1x4=4)

(a) On the provided political map of India, name and mark the following :

- (i) The oldest plateau
- (ii) Coral Islands
- (iii) Capital city of Mauryan Empire
- (iv) Centre of Buddhist learning

(b) On the provided political map of the World, name and mark the following : (1x4=4)

- (i) 'S' shaped ocean
- (ii) A volcanic mountain in Japan
- (iii) Most populous country of the world
- (iv) A young fold mountain range in Europe